

HJ-1AB



2022 DRAGON 5 SYMPOSIUM MID-TERM RESULTS REPORTING

TIII WANTED

Sentinel-2

Sentinel-3

17-21 OCTOBER 2022



PROTOTYPE REAL-TIME REMOTE SENSING LAND DATA ASSIMILATION ALONG THE SILK ROAD ENDORHEIC RIVER BASINS AND EUROCORDEX-DOMAIN



Dragon 5 Mid-term Results Project



THURSDAY, 20/OCTOBER/2022

ID. 59316

PROJECT TITLE: PROTOTYPE REAL-TIME REMOTE SENSING LAND DATA ASSIMILATION ALONG THE SILK ROAD ENDORHEIC RIVER BASINS AND EUROCORDEX-DOMAIN

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PRESENTED BY: DONGHAI ZHENG





- Project's objectives
- Satellite data utilised after 2 years of activity
- In-situ data measurements and field data collection campaigns
- Project's results after 2 years of activity
- Project's schedule and planning
- Contributions of young scientists



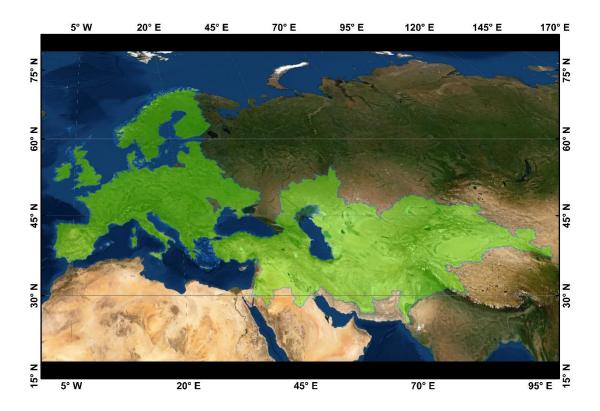
Project's Objectives



To develop prototypes of real-time RS LDAS for monitoring the water

cycle in the silk road endorheic river basins and EUROCORDEX-domain

- WP1: Retrieval of key water cycle variables from RS data
- WP2: Development of real time RS LDAS
- WP3: Cal/val of terrestrial system models using RS retrievals
- WP4: Closing water cycle at the watershed/regional scale using LDASs





EO Data Delivery



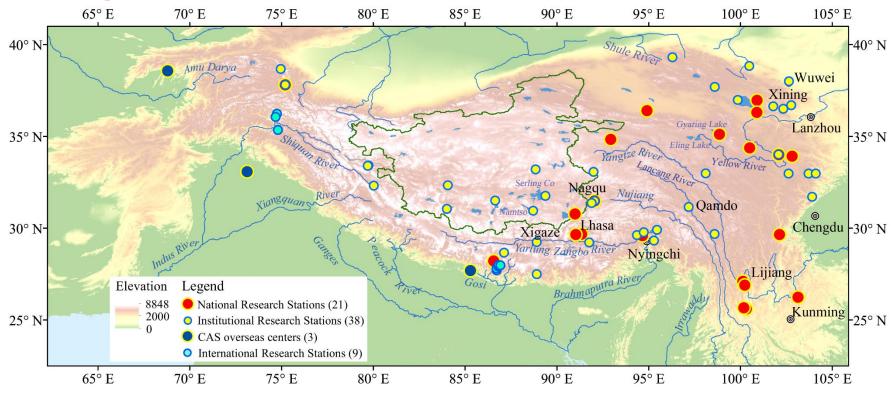
Data access (list all missions and issues if any). NB. in the tables please insert cumulative figures (since July 2020) for no. of scenes of high bit rate data (e.g. S1 100 scenes). If data delivery is low bit rate by ftp, insert "ftp"

ESA EO data	No. Scenes	ESA Third Party Missions data	No. Scenes	Chinese EO data	No. Scenes
1. Sentinel-1	1500	1. SMAP	2000	1. GaoFen-6	1000
2. Sentinel-2	2400	2. AMSR2	2000	2.	
3.		3. Landsat	2000	3.	
4.		4.		4.	
5.		5.		5.	
6.		6.		6.	
Total:		Total:		Total:	
Issues:		Issues:		Issues:	





Comprehensive field stations on TP



- 59 domestic comprehensive stations on TP
 - 21 national stations, 38 institutional stations
- 12 international field stations
 - 3 CAS oversea centers, 3 ITPCAS oversea stations, 6 stations of Pyramid International Laboratory





NAMORS(Nam co)

QOMS(Qomolangma)





NaPlaCE(Naggu)

SETORS(Southeast TP





SHORS(Shuanghu)





MAWORS(Muztagh)

NASDE(Ngari)

Medog Observation & Research Center for Earth Landscape and Earth System

8 stations operated by including ITPCAS, 3

national stations.

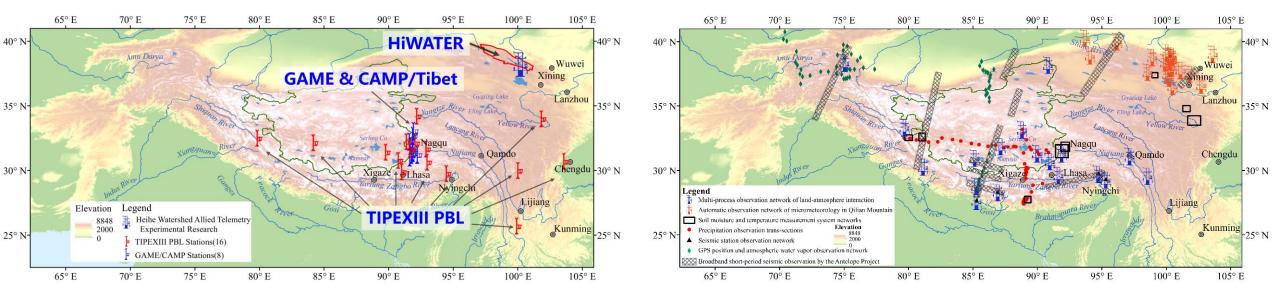


In-situ data measurements and field campaigns



Scientific observation experiments

Thematic observations

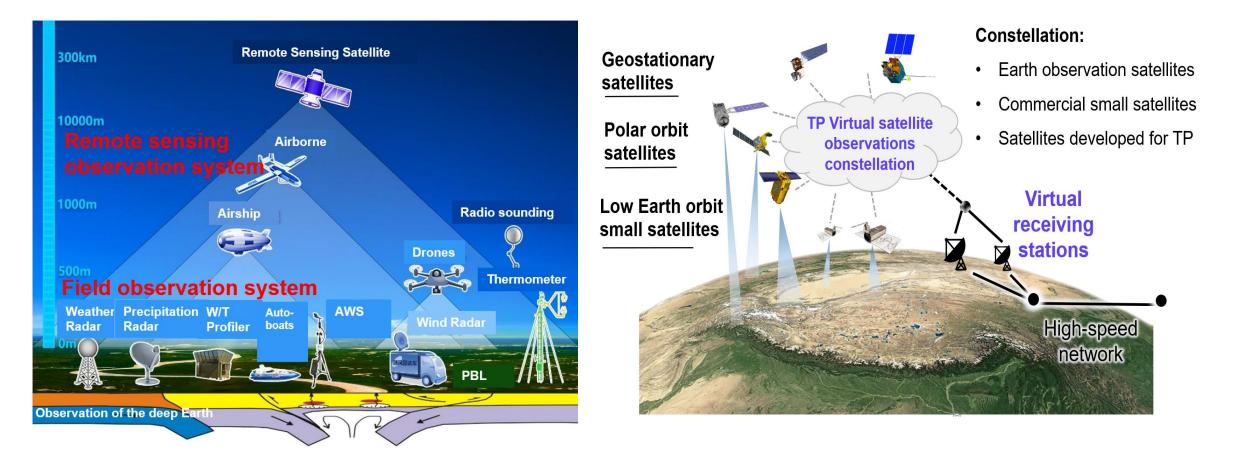






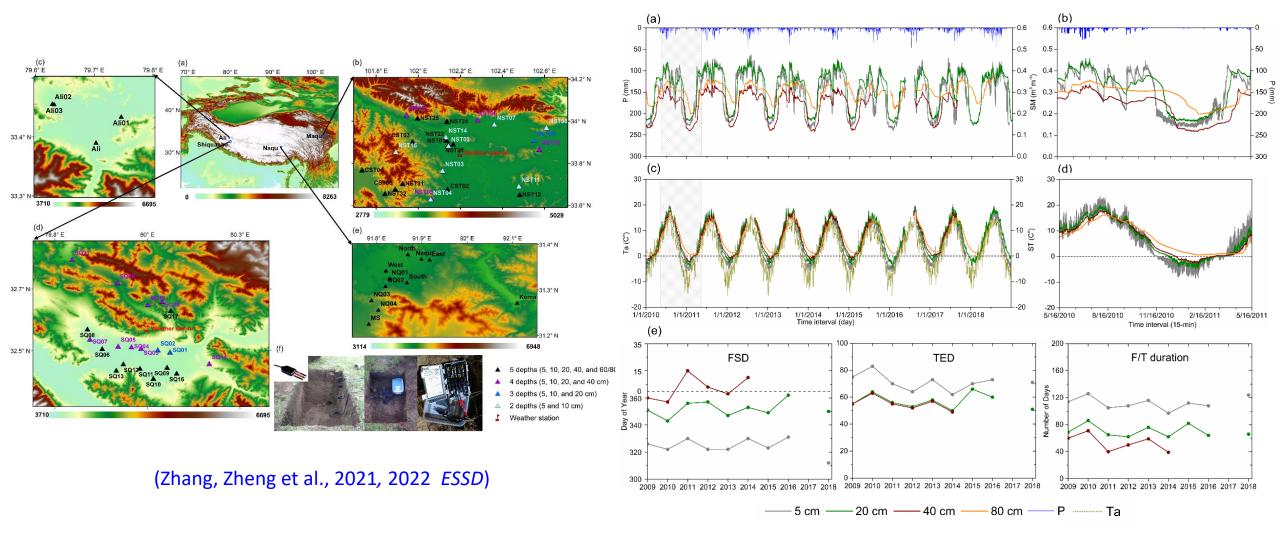
TP Observation Platform: International Observation Alliance of the Third Pole

Build a space-airborne-ground integrated IoT observation system, consisting of a field observation system and a remote sensing observation system.





10-year regional-scale soil moisture and soil temperature measurements





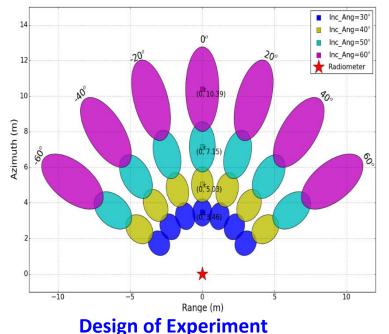
In-situ data measurements and field campaigns



Field campaign in Heihe river, western China

Ground-based radiometry experiment

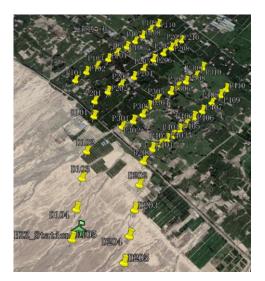
Gaofen Cal/Val flight campaign



Implementation of Experiment



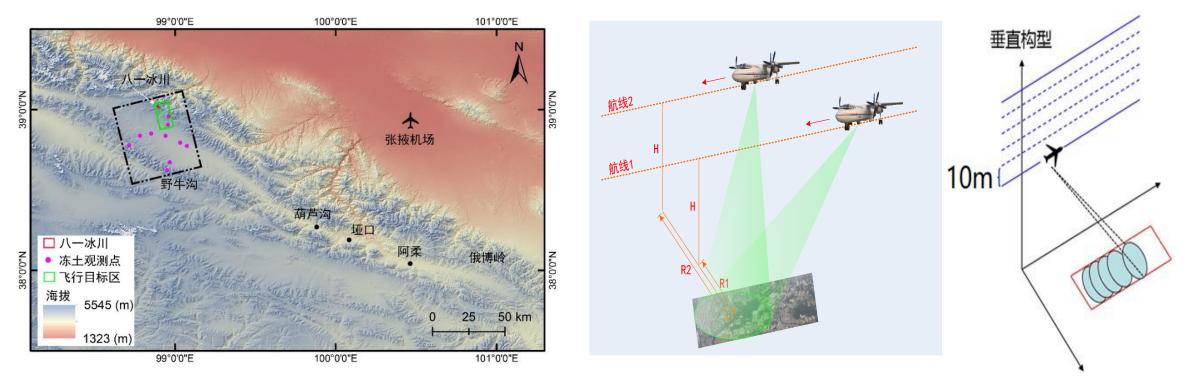








P-band SAR Flight Campaign in Heihe river, western China



Source Region of Heihe River

Schematic diagram of TomoSAR Observation Mode





In-situ data measurements and field campaigns in Europe

Cosmic Ray Neutron Sensors (CRNS)

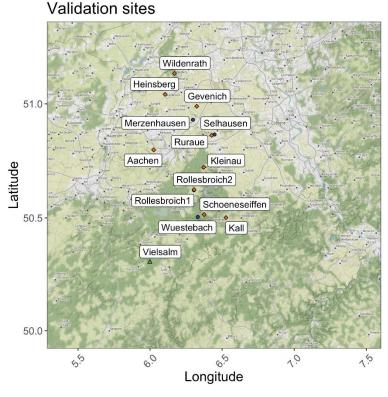
Soil moisture at intermediate scale.

Eddy Covariance (EC) method

Field-scale ET.



source: H.R.Bogena et al., 2013, Photo:Marius Schmidt







Active and Passive Microwave Observations and Simulations of Frozen Soil

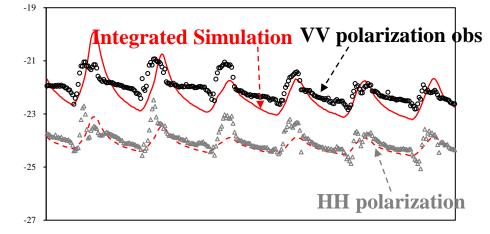


Modelling Platform

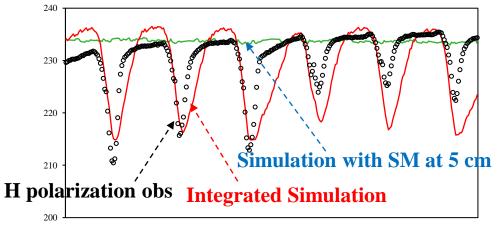
Tor Vergata+AIEM+Wilheit+Noah

(Zheng et al., 2022 IEEE TGRS)

C-band backscattering coefficients



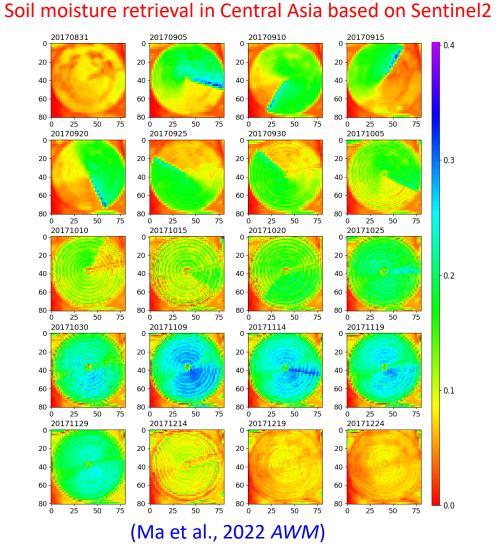
L-band brightness temperature



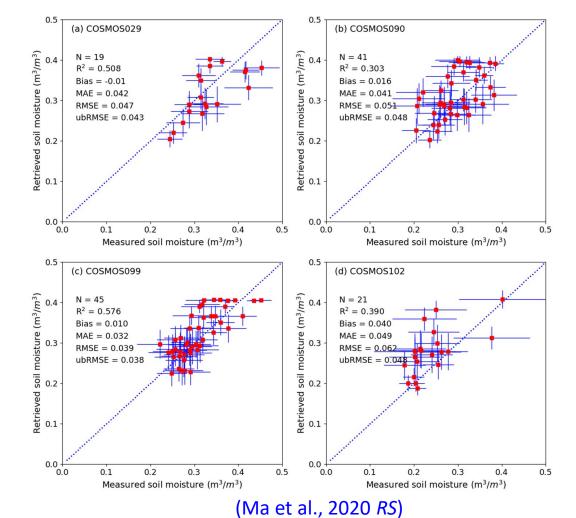




Soil Moisture Retrieval



Soil moisture retrieval in Western China based on combined Sentinel-1/2







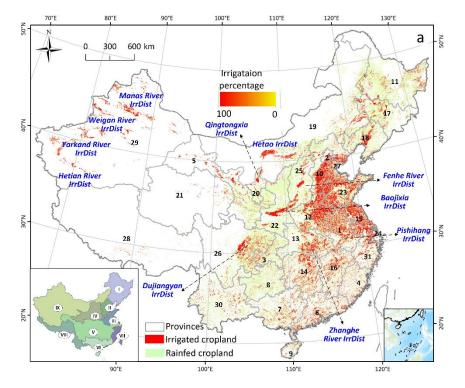
Map of Irrigation Area

- **5** ML-based classification **1** Datasets & processing Irrigation suitability analysis Sample training data Predictors Elv, Slope, DisToWater, Aridity Satellite data **Reclassify & Weight Setting** Random Forest Spatial overlay analysis Training/Prediction & Spatial filtering Vegetation indices, band surface Irrigation suitability ClrrMap250 reflectance, albedo **4** Generating training pool 6 Accuracy assessment Irrigated area statistics Visual interpretation Training pool Max SEVI & NEVI Point-scale evaluation Comparison with irrigated Max SNDVI & NNDVI Overlay analysis area statistics Max SGI & NGI Comparison with Intermediate maps Province, city, and county EVI/NDVI/GI-map & four levels other existing maps Threshold splitting Field wor Auxiliary data 2 Threshold-based classification Crop mask EVI-map Statistical irrigated area County Boundary Threshold splitting GI-map Climate & environmental variables, Max GI Max EVI Max NDVI NDVI-map land use, administrative boundary (Zhang et al., 2022 Journal of Hydrology)
- Remote sensing, irrigation suitability and statistical data were integrated for irrigated cropland mapping in China
- The first 250-m irrigation map in China (CIrrMap250). was developed

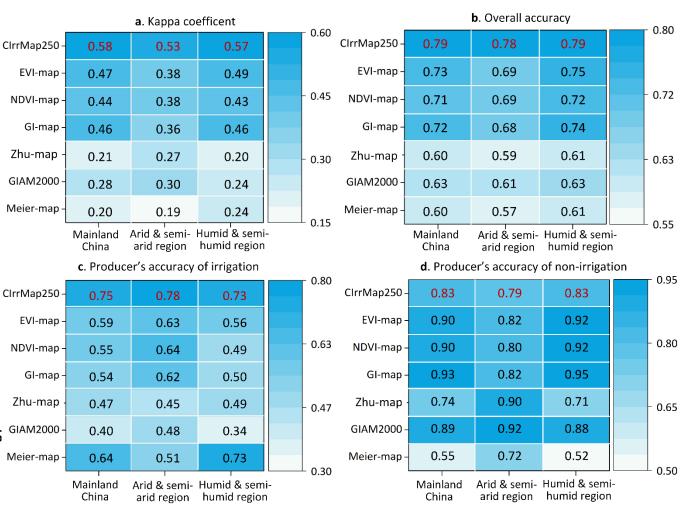




Map of Irrigation Area



- CIrrMap250 captures well the intensively ^z irrigated areas and large-scale irrigation districts ^{GI}
- CIrrMap250 exhibits a better agreement with reference points than other irrigation maps.



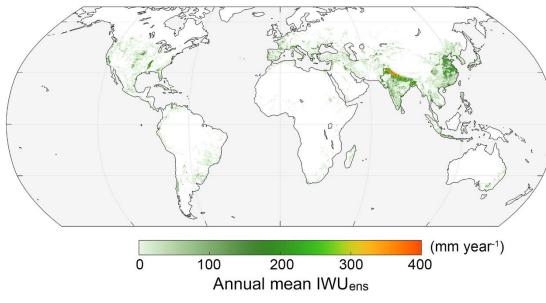
(Zhang et al., 2022 Journal of Hydrology)





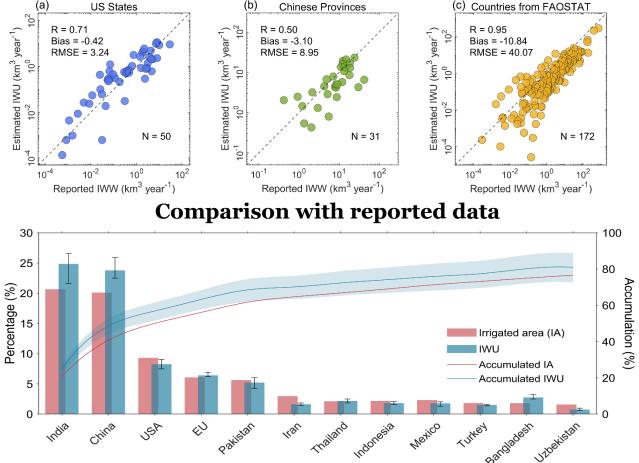
Estimation of Irrigation Water Use

Integration of multiple satellite-based observations



Annual mean IWU from 2011 to 2018

The microwave-based satellite observations can capture the irrigation signal, and the IWU can be further estimated based on the dynamical balance of soil moisture.



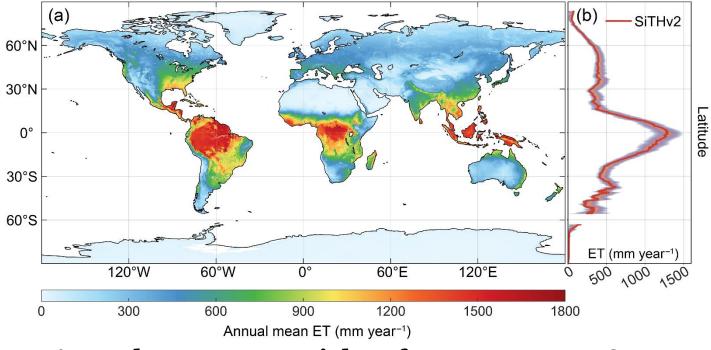
Top 12 irrigated countries/regions from 2011 to 2018





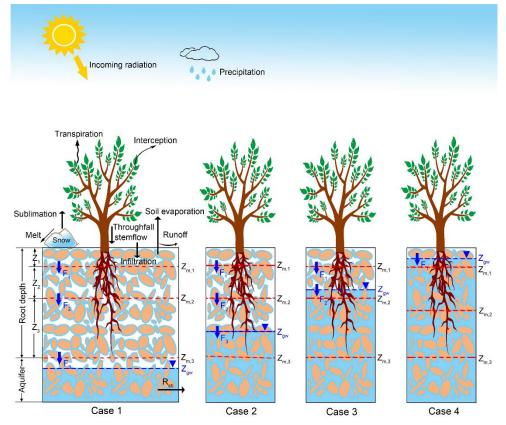
Evapotranspiration

Groundwater-soil-plant-atmosphere Continuum



Annual mean terrestrial ET from 2001 to 2018

The performance of the SiTHv2 ranks well when compared to the main-stream global ET models/products.



Hydrologic process in the SiTHv2 model

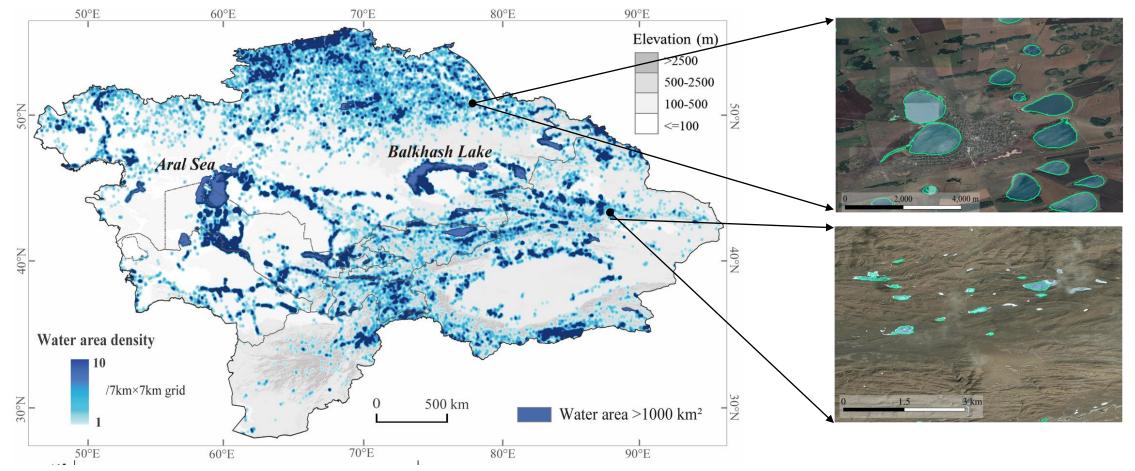
(Zhang et al., 2022 Journal of Hydrology)





Surface water bodies in center Asia

• Identified 93,230 water bodies in central Asia by combining the Landsat and Sentinel-2 data, providing the most detailed delineation of water in this arid region.

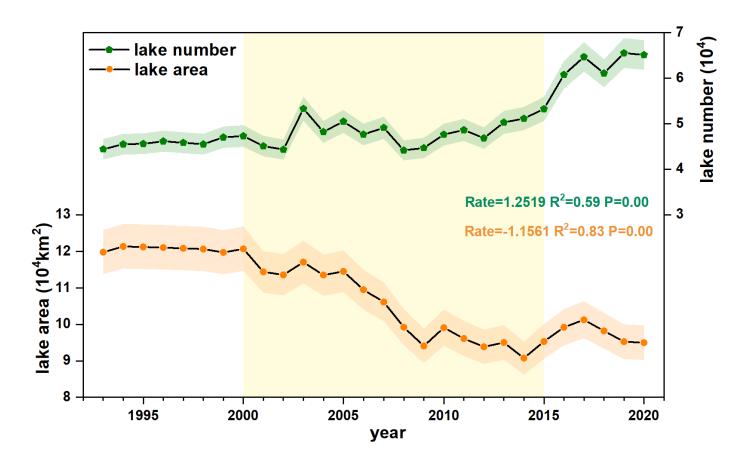


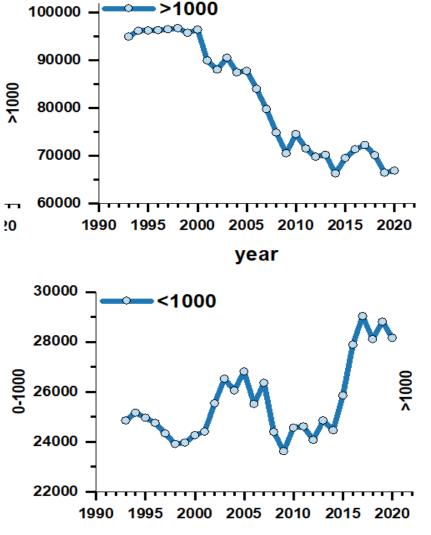




Surface water bodies in center Asia

• Large lakes (>1000 km²) shrunk while small water bodies expanded in central Asia since the beginning of 1990s





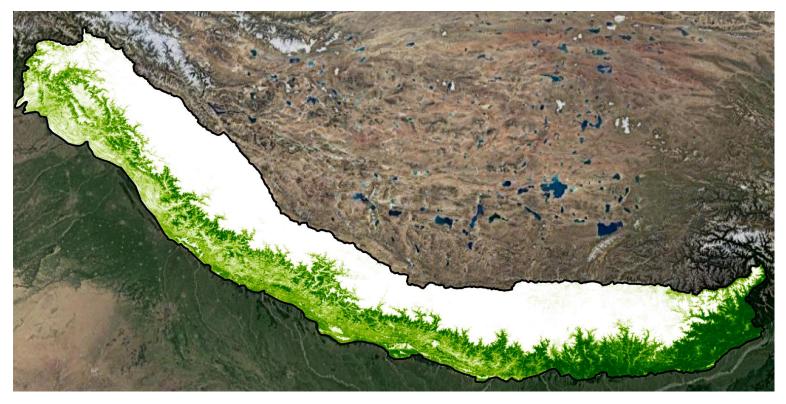
year

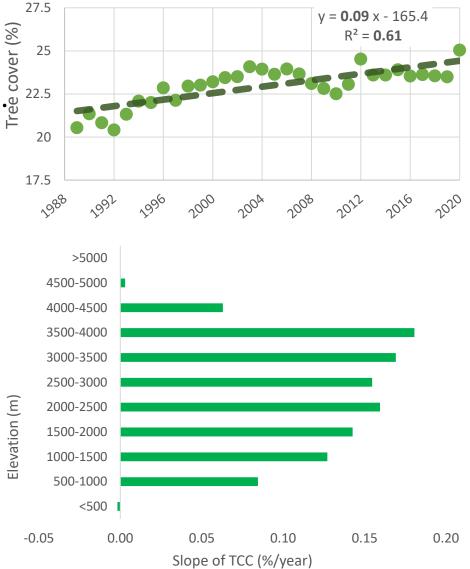




Forest changes in the Himalayans

Derived tree cover from 1990s to 2020, and identified a increasing trend in the Himalayans, especially in high altitudes. •

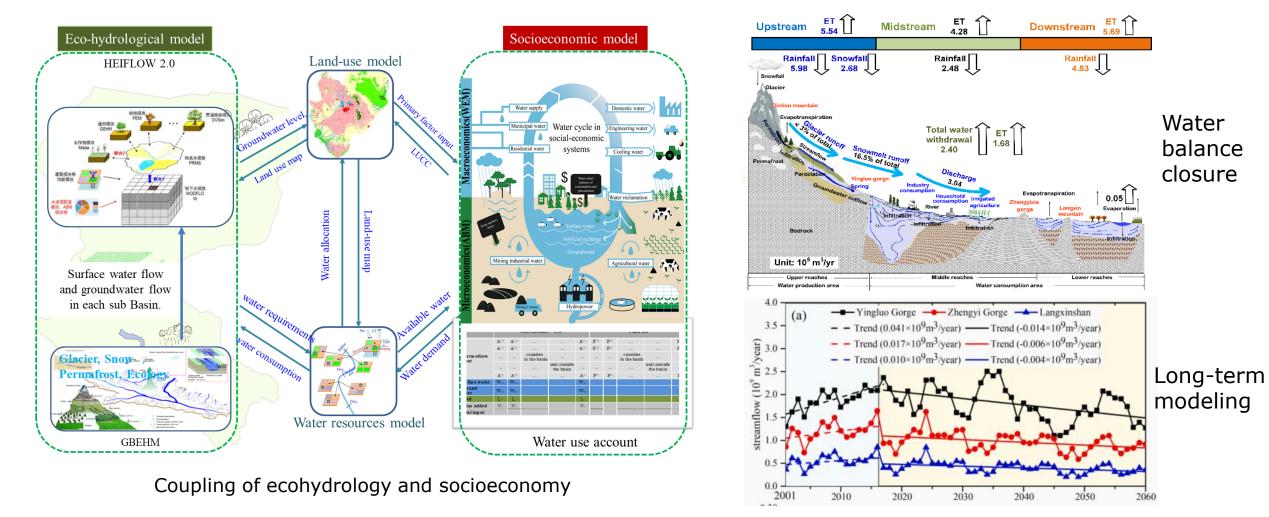








Watershed System Model



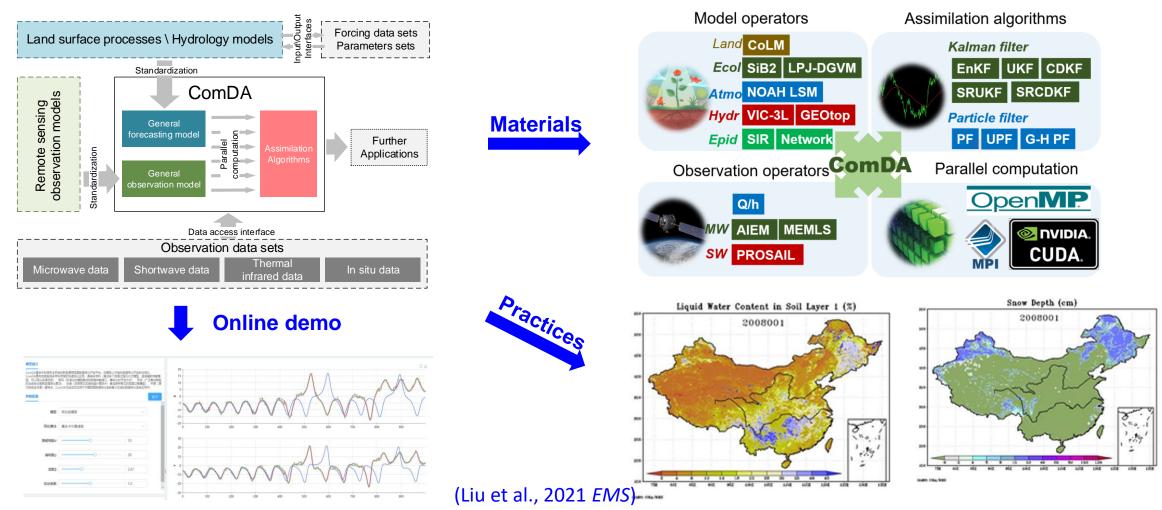
(Li et al., 2021 EMS)





ComDA

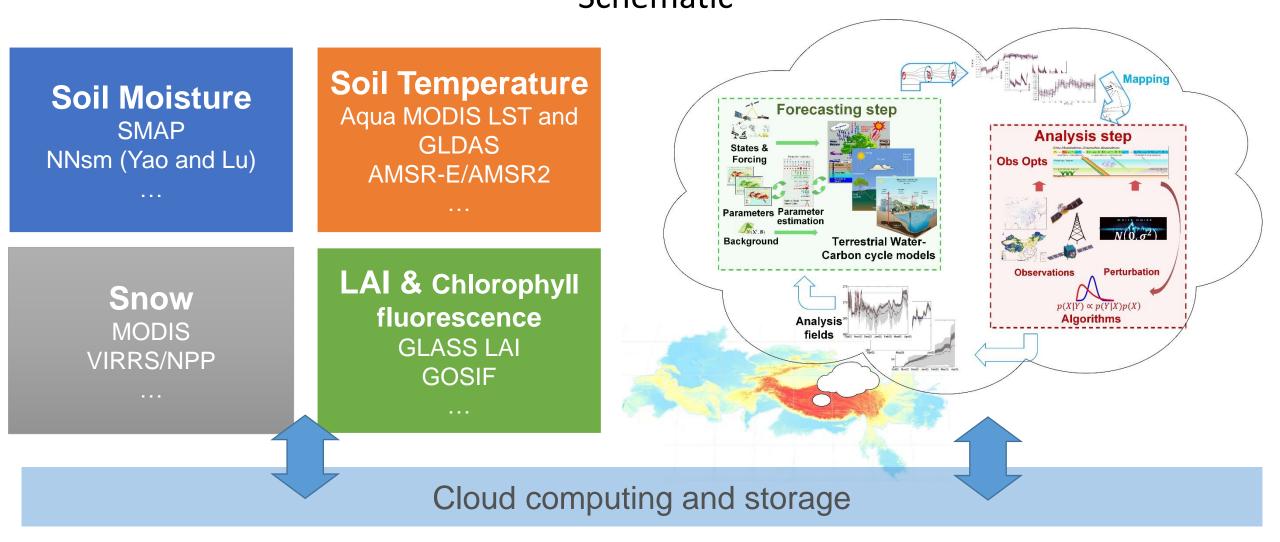
A Common Software for Nonlinear and Non-Gaussian Land Data Assimilation







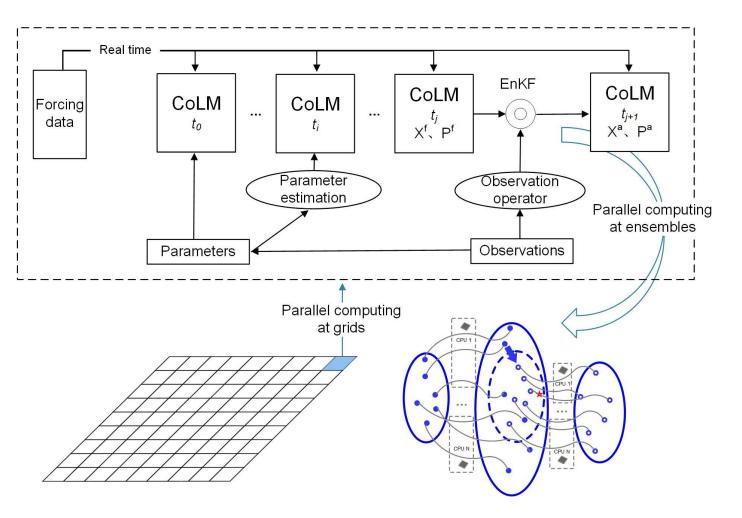
Development and Application of real time RS LDAS for Pan-TP Schematic







Development and Application of real time RS LDAS for Pan-TP — data assimilation strategy



- Forcing: CMFD 1.7
 - Parameter estimation: Metropolis–Hastings sampling
- Data assimilation algorithm: Ensemble Kalman filter
- Model operator: CoLM 2022
- Parallel computing: MPI CUDA

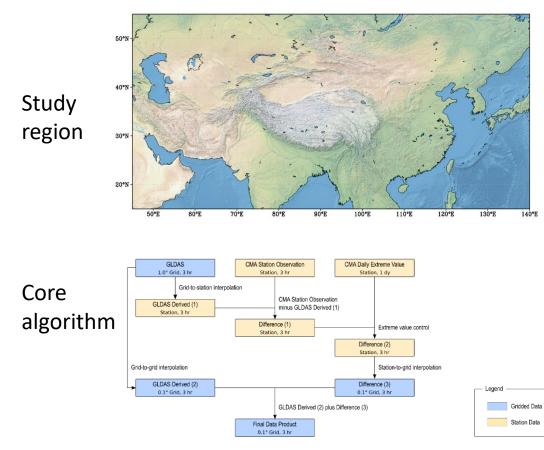




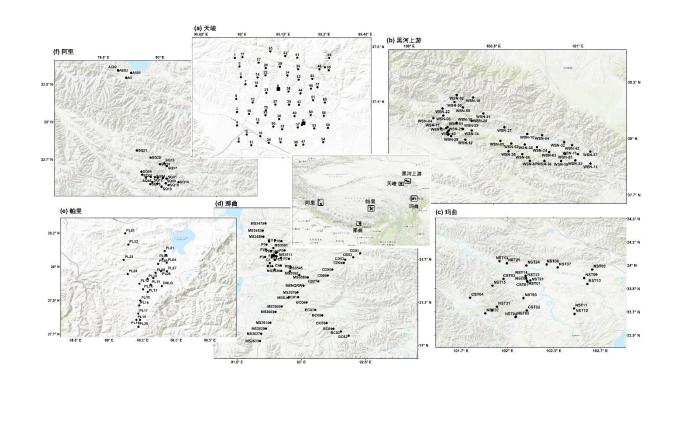
Development and Application of real time RS LDAS for Pan-TP

Forcing data:

China Meteorological Forcing Data (CMFD 1.7)



In situ observations for assimilation and validation

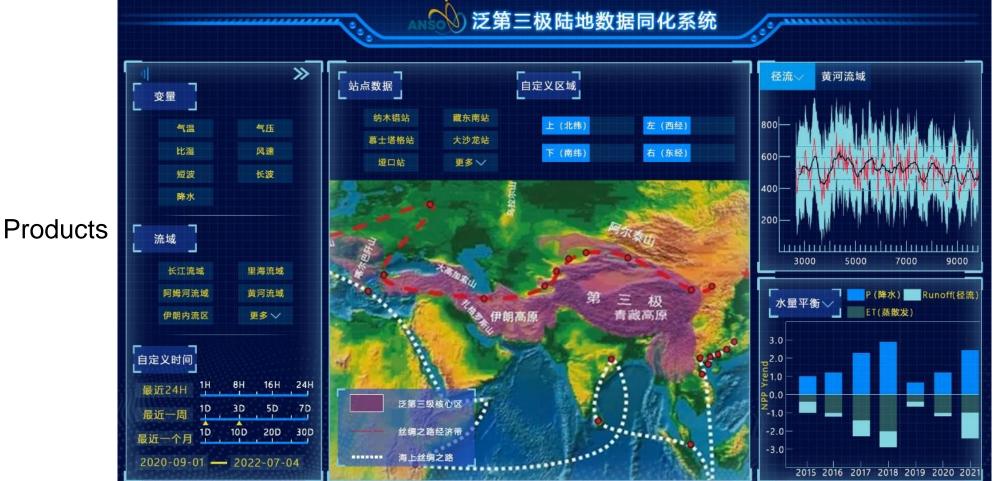


RSCC



Development and Application of real time RS LDAS for Pan-TP

Users Interface (in Chinese)



State variables ensembles

Precipitation / ET / Runoff balance

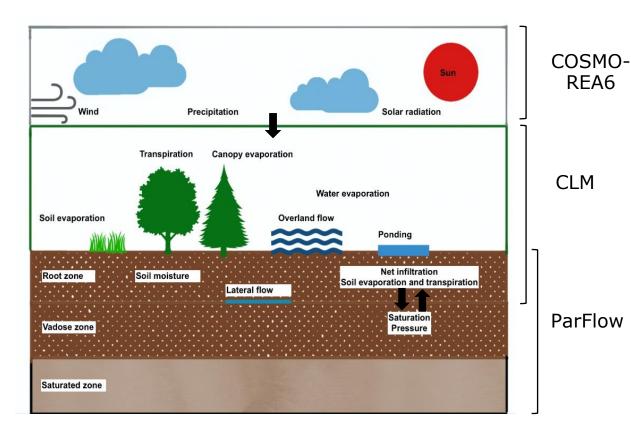
Data visualization with WebGIS





Retrieval of key water cycle variables from RS data in Europe

Terrestrial System Modeling Platform



Model inputs

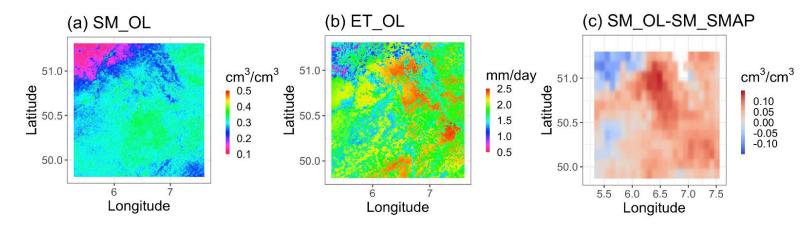
- Topography
- Vegetation
- Soil texture: SoilGrids
- Meteorological forcing: COSMO-REA6
- Subsurface hydraulic parameters
- Rosetta pedo-transfer function



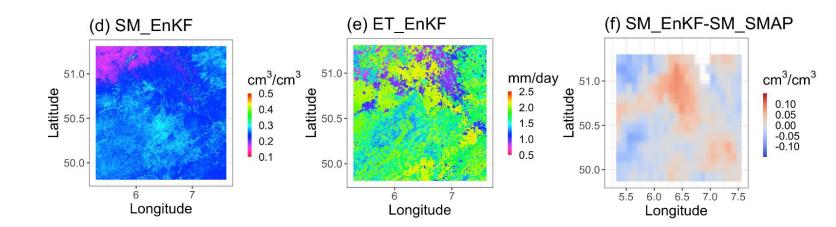


Retrieval of key water cycle variables from RS data in Europe

Data Assimilation Experiment



Temporally averaged soil moisture (SM) and ET for 2018.03 –
2018.11 for OL and EnKF (DA)



 DA with EnKF reduces soil moisture differences with SMAP-product



Project's schedule and planning



The Chinese team focus on developing LDAS for silk road endorheic river basins

(LDAS_silk), and the European team focus on the EUROCORDEX-domain (LDAS_EU)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
WP0: Proposal preparation and project coordination					
WP1: Retrievals of key ecohydrological variables					
WP2: Development of LDAS_silk and LDAS_EU					
WP3: Cal/val of LDAS_silk and LDAS_EU					
WP4: Quantification of water cycle in silk road endorheic river basins and EURO-CORDEX					



European Young scientists contributions in Dragon 5 · Cesa



Name	Institution	Poster title	Contribution
Zhenlei Yang	Institute of Bio- and Geosciences: Agrosphere (IBG-3)	-	WP1: Retrieval of key water cycle variables from RS data
Ching-Pui Hung		-	WP1: Retrieval of key water cycle variables from RS data
Bibi Naz		-	WP2: Development of real time RS LDAS
Haojin Zhao		-	WP2: Development of real time RS LDAS
Fang Li		-	WP2: Development of real time RS LDAS





Name	Institution	Poster title	Contribution
Ling Zhang	Northwest Institute of Eco- Environment and	-	WP1: Retrieval of key water cycle variables from RS data
Feng Liu	Resources, CAS	-	WP2: Development of real time RS LDAS
Kun Zhang	Institute of Tibetan Plateau Research, CAS	-	WP1: Retrieval of key water cycle variables from RS data
Yushan Zhou		-	WP1: Retrieval of key water cycle variables from RS data





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